BEFORE THE TENNESSEE REGULATORY AUTHORITY

IN RE:

2003 KGV -4 PH 3: 54

APPLICATION OF JACKSON ENERGY

T.R.A. DOCKET ROOM

AUTHORITY FOR A CERTIFICATE OF :

Docket No. 03-00438

CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY TO : PROVIDE TELECOMMUNICATIONS

SERVICES AS A CARRIERS' CARRIER:

PRE-FILED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF KIM KERSEY, SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT - TELECOMMUNICATIONS, JACKSON ENERGY AUTHORITY

I, Kim K. Kersey, do hereby testify as follows in support of the Application of the Jackson 1 2 Energy Authority ("JEA") for a Certificate of Convenience and Necessity as a Carriers' Carrier (the "Application") to provide certain telecommunications services in Madison County, 3 4 Tennessee: 5 6 Q: PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, POSITION AND BUSINESS ADDRESS. 7 My name is Kim K. Kersey. I am the Senior Vice President of the Telecommunications A: 8 Division of the Jackson Energy Authority. 9 10 Q: PLEASE BRIEFLY DESCRIBE YOUR DUTIES. 11 A: As Senior Vice President of the Telecommunications Division, I have the responsibility 12 for managing the operations of JEA within its Telecommunications Division. I report 13 directly to the Chief Executive Officer of JEA. 14 15 Q: PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR BUSINESS EXPERIENCE AND EDUCATIONAL 16 BACKGROUND. 17 A: I have been in the cable television industry since 1971, working in senior management 18 positions for the past 23 years. I was promoted to General Manager of the Teleprompter 19 Cable TV system in Tuscaloosa, Alabama in 1980 and served in that capacity through 20 subsequent owners Group W Cable and Comcast Corporation until 1992. I relocated to 21 Jackson, Tennessee to become Area General Manager for Cablevision Industries' 32,000 22 subscriber West Tennessee cable television operations. After Charter Communications 23 acquired the West Tennessee properties in 1998, I was promoted to Director of Operations for Charter's group of cable systems serving over 90,000 cable subscribers in
West Tennessee and West Kentucky. In November 2001, I left Charter to head up the
JEA venture.

Throughout my career, I have been directly involved in all facets of cable television operations, including general management, customer service, government relations, marketing, and construction management. I have served as two-term Board Chairman for both the Alabama and Tennessee Cable Television Associations, and I am a member of the honorary Tower Club in the Southern Cable Television Association. I am active in local community activities, having served on the Jackson Chamber of Commerce Board of Directors and Executive Committee, as well as leadership positions in several local organizations. I hold a B.A. degree from Rhodes College in Memphis, Tennessee.

Q:

WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

15 A: The purpose of my testimony is to respond to aspects of the pre-filed testimony of Mr.

William J. Barta, which was submitted on behalf of Charter Communications in this

docket.

Q: PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR TESTIMONY.

A. Mr. Barta has raised accounting and regulatory questions concerning the telephone business unit. I will provide additional detail concerning the operational and financial aspects of the telephone business unit. This should help the Directors will help put the

telephone business unit in perspective compared to JEA's cable and internet business units.

Mr. Barta has also suggested that JEA has not submitted sufficient information concerning the financial and operational aspects of the cable and internet operations in order to permit the Authority to analyze the entire operations of the Telecommunications Division as a whole. While we do not agree with the relevance of that information for this matter, I will provide additional information concerning the fundamentals of its cable business plan.

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE OPERATIONAL ROLE OF THE TELEPHONE BUSINESS UNIT UNDER JEA'S CURRENT BUSINESS MODEL.

A. The carriers' carrier model will enable JEA's CLEC customers to utilize the JEA network to provide telephone and other telecommunications services to their end use customers. This model has significantly reduced the role of the telephone business unit from an operational standpoint. As we indicated in the Application, our CLEC customers – rather than JEA – will have most of the operational and capital investment responsibilities traditionally associated with the provision of retail local exchange and other telecommunications services. Our CLEC customers – rather than JEA – will be responsible for providing all end use services required by law or regulation, for negotiating an interconnection agreement with BellSouth, for negotiating arrangements with long distance carriers, and for handling dialing parity and numbering issues. Our CLEC customers – rather than JEA – will be required to establish an interface with the

fiber to the home network, to purchase a soft switch and to make arrangements for the interconnection with BellSouth. Meanwhile, the JEA telephone business unit's role will be to provide on-network connectivity for these services and to offer certain support services to these CLEC customers on an as-needed basis.

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6 Q. HOW IS THIS OPERATIONAL ROLE REFLECTED IN THE PRO FORMA 7 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TELEPHONE BUSINESS UNIT?

Since the telephone business unit will make use of a relatively small portion of the available bandwidth on the network for CLEC customers and will provide support services to CLEC customers using allocated resources, we do not presently anticipate that any facilities or any employees will be directly assigned to the telephone business unit.

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY YOU DO NOT PRESENTLY ANTICIPATE THAT ANY FACILITIES OR EMPLOYEES WILL BE DIRECTLY ASSIGNED TO THE TELEPHONE BUSINESS UNIT.

A. As Mr. Williams indicated in his direct testimony, the capabilities of a fiber to the home network are unique. In order to provide cable and internet service, JEA will purchase and install fiber optic facilities, a head-end facility and related equipment, and customer gateways. These same facilities can be configured in order to provide a portion of the communications path that would be necessary to transport telephone and telecommunications service to end use retail customers who are located on the network. In order to use the network to carry these services, a CLEC customer would be required to establish an interface with the network, purchase and install its own soft switch and

arrange for interconnection with BellSouth. However, because the available bandwidth for these services resides within the existing capacity of JEA's network, we presently anticipate that JEA can provide this bandwidth to its CLEC customers without additional equipment and without the need for directly assigned employees within the telephone business unit. We anticipate that telephony traffic will represent a relatively small increase in the overall bandwidth consumption that the cable business unit network employees will manage.

- Q. ON PAGE 8, LINES 25-26 OF HIS TESTIMONY, MR. BARTA STATES THAT
 "IT IS [JEA] MANAGEMENT'S POSITION THAT ABSOLUTELY NO
 NETWORK INVESTMENT WILL BE ASSIGNED OR ALLOCATED TO THE
 TELEPHONE BUSINESS UNIT." IS THAT STATEMENT CORRECT?
- 13 A. No, it is not. As Mr. Barta points out, Mr. Williams did state in his testimony that the
 14 telephone business unit will have "no fixed assets . . . directly assigned to it." However,
 15 Mr. Williams did not state that no network investment would be allocated to the
 16 telephone business unit. In fact, network investment will be allocated to and recovered
 17 from the telephone business unit through an access charge.

Q. ON PAGE 9, LINES 22-24 OF HIS TESTIMONY, MR. BARTA ALSO
QUESTIONS "HOW THE TELEPHONE BUSINESS UNIT CAN BE
CONSIDERED AS A FACILITIES-BASED CARRIERS' CARRIER WITHOUT
OWNING ANY FACILITIES OR HAVING ANY EMPLOYEES." PLEASE
RESPOND TO THAT QUESTION.

A. Although the telephone business unit will not directly own any facilities or have any directly assigned employees, it will utilize the JEA fiber optic network facilities and will have access to JEA employees as needed.

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- 5 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW JEA WILL RECOVER ITS NETWORK
 6 INVESTMENT AND EMPLOYEE COSTS FROM THE TELEPHONE BUSINESS
- 7 UNIT.
- 8 A. Mr. Work will address this issue in his testimony.

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- 10 Q. PLEASE PROVIDE ADDITIONAL DETAIL CONCERNING THE "ACCESS
 11 CHARGE TO CABLE UNIT" LINE ITEM IN THE PRO FORMA INCOME
 12 STATEMENT FOR THE TELEPHONE BUSINESS UNIT.
- 13 A. The "Access Charge to Cable Unit" is designed to cover the telephone business unit's allocated cost for access to the JEA network and use of employees as well as to provide 14 additional funding for the cable business unit's retirement of its debt. The access charge 15 ramps up over time, as the telephone business unit generates sufficient working capital 16 17 for its anticipated and unanticipated expenditures. In Year 1 of the pro forma income statement, the Access Charge to Cable Unit represents thirty percent (30%) of the 18 19 "Access fees for telephone" line item of the income statement. In Year 2, the percentage increases to forty percent (40%), and in Year 3, the percentage increases to fifty percent 20 21 (50%).

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1 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW THE "ACCESS CHARGE TO CABLE UNIT" 2 ALLOWS THE CABLE BUSINESS UNIT TO RECOVER THE TELEPHONE 3 BUSINESS UNIT'S ALLOCATED COST FOR ITS USE OF THE NETWORK. 4 A. In his testimony, Mr. Work will address the cost allocation model that captures capital 5 costs and associated operating expenses for the network. We have established an 6 allocation factor to calculate the allocation of network costs to the telephone business 7 unit, and we have provided it to Mr. Work. 8 9 In order to fully understand the allocation factor, some additional information concerning the network may be helpful. I have attached as Exhibit KK-1 a simple schematic 10 11 illustrating the general configuration of some key parts of the network. From the JEA 12 cable television head end facility, JEA will connect five separate fibers to a device that 13

Wave 7 Optics refers to as a "core." The role of a "core" is essentially to aggregate

fibers from the head end to the "core" are dedicated for cable television video services.

traffic and manage bandwidth across the network. As this exhibit shows, three of the five

The remaining two fibers are dedicated to internet and voice use; one fiber is used for

downstream traffic and the other fiber is used for upstream traffic. JEA can then connect

up to 96 customer gateways to each "core," and through the use of optical splitters,

multiple customers can share a single fiber for their cable television, internet, and voice

services.

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Because the cable, internet and telephone signals are aggregated in the "core" on to a single fiber going to the customer gateway, we have used the network configuration from the head end to the "core" to develop a cost allocator to confirm that network costs are recovered from the telephone business unit. Of the five fibers from the head end to each "core," three are dedicated to cable television, resulting in a sixty percent (60%) allocation of the network costs. The remaining two fibers represent forty percent (40%) of the total fiber network costs from the head end to each "core," and internet traffic and voice traffic share those two fibers. We calculated an allocation factor for the telephone business unit based upon the average bandwidth that would be used for each application on these two fibers.

A.

- Q. PLEASE PROVIDE ADDITIONAL DETAIL CONCERNING THE "OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE" LINE ITEM IN THE PRO FORMA INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE TELEPHONE BUSINESS UNIT.
 - The Operating and Maintenance line item in the telephone business unit pro forma income statement captures expenses within the Telecommunications Division that are directly assigned or allocated to the telephone business unit. The expenses for Year 1 are based upon projected directly assigned and allocated expenses for fiscal year 2004 and account for 15.3% of the total operating expenses in the Telecommunications Division. The Year 1 expenses of the telephone business unit also contain additional initial start-up and organizational costs. The amounts for Year 2 and Year 3 are based upon projections of somewhat declining percentages of 11.5% and 10.8% of the Division's overall operating expenses, as the earlier heavy marketing activity and organizational expenses subside and employee support begins to normalize.

1 Q. HOW WILL THE TELEPHONE BUSINESS UNIT GENERATE REVENUES TO 2 COVER THESE EXPENSES?

A. The telephone business unit will charge JEA's CLEC customers an access fee for access to the JEA network and for any support services that the CLEC customers choose to purchase from JEA.

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7 Q. HOW DID JEA CALCULATE THE "ACCESS FEES FOR TELEPHONE" LINE

ITEM IN THE PRO FORMA INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE TELEPHONE

BUSINESS UNIT?

10 A. We made projections based on market penetration of residential and commercial 11 customers, and assumptions on the rates that our CLEC customers would be able to 12 charge for residential and commercial telephone services. The customer projections were 13 generated internally, with reliance upon independent surveys, guidance from a consultant, 14 experience we observed in similar competitive markets offering telephone service, and 15 discussions with one potential CLEC customer as to the reasonableness of our 16 projections. Retail rate assumptions were developed from local market research that we 17 conducted internally with some of our customers, discussions that we had with a potential 18 CLEC customer, and consultant guidance.

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From the resulting total retail revenue, we derived an access fee from the CLECs of 50% of the CLEC customers' local service and feature revenues. The pro forma access fee revenue line item also includes charges for some of the support services that we indicated

in our Application would be offered to CLECs. The support service charges are not broken out from the access fee revenue line item in the pro forma, but are included.

The pro forma's operating revenue shows a fairly small amount of revenue in Year 1, stepping up significantly in Years 2 and 3. As we put the pro forma together, we aligned it with our current fiscal year that runs from July 1 to June 30. From our July 15th TRA application filing, we projected a certificate award in October, plant construction starting in November, and our customer connection activity starting in March. Therefore, the Year 1 revenue is only generated over the four months of March through June within the area of completed construction. In Year 2, our projections include the continuation of our build out and show a full year of subscriber growth activity. In Year 3, our projections assume a completed build out and heavy customer connection activity.

14 Q. PLEASE PROVIDE A SUMMARY OF JEA'S CABLE AND INTERNET 15 BUSINESS CASE.

A. Since the filing of the Application, we have obtained \$54.3 million in funding to finance the construction and operation of the cable and internet system. Under our present projections we estimate positive cash flow by year 5 and continuing thereafter. We project positive net income by year 4 and continuing thereafter.

O. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

22 A. Yes, it does.

I swear that the foregoing testimony is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

1 lin 11 (Carse Kim K. Kersey

Senior Vice President - Telecommunications

Jackson Energy Authority

Subscribed and sworn to me this 4th day of November, 2003

Amanda Sullivan
NOTARY PUBLIC
My commission expires September 22, 2007



EXHIBIT KK-1

Overview of network configuration

